



## UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION N
10/656,133	09/08/2003	Gary Naden	241112US20	8667
OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C. 1940 DUKE STREET ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314			EXAMINER	
			ZANELLI, MICHAEL J	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		·	3661	
			DATE MAILED: 04/14/2005	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/656,133	NADEN ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Michael J. Zanelli	3661				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the o	orrespondence address				
THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failt Any	MORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 or SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. The period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply of period for reply secified above, the maximum statutory period ware to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing led patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from	mely filed  /s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication.				
Status	•						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24 Fe	ebruary 2005.					
2a) <u></u>	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.						
3)							
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	ion of Claims						
4)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-37</u> is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>29-32</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.	•					
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-9,11-24,26-28,36 and 37</u> is/are rejected.						
	Claim(s) <u>10,25 and 33-35</u> is/are objected to.						
8)∐	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Applicati	ion Papers						
9)[	The specification is objected to by the Examiner	·.					
10)🛛	☑ The drawing(s) filed on <u>08 September 2003</u> is/are: a)☑ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the o						
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign <sub>l</sub> ☐ All  b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (f).				
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents	have been received in Application	on No				
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori		d in this National Stage				
* 0	application from the International Bureau	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
* S	see the attached detailed Office action for a list of	of the certified copies not receive	d.				
•••							
Attachment	i(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892)	,, <b>,,</b> ,					
2) 🔲 Notice	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) ∭ Interview Summary ( Paper No(s)/Mail Da					
3) 🛛 Inform	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date 9/8/03.		atent Application (PTO-152)				

Application/Control Number: 10/656,133 Page 2

Art Unit: 3661

## **DETAILED ACTION**

1. Applicant's election without traverse of claims 1-28 and 34-37 in the reply filed on 2/24/05 is acknowledged. Note claim 33 should also have been included.

- 2. Claims 29-32 have been withdrawn from further consideration.
- 3. The IDS filed 9/8/03 has been considered.
- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

- 5. Claims 1-9, 11-24, 26-28, 36 and 37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Anthony et al. (6,559,769) in view of Beken (6,552,652) and Vaddiparty et al. (US 2004/0147220).
  - A. As per claims 1, 22 and 37, Anthony discloses a monitoring device configured to monitor the status of a mobile asset from a remote location. As shown in Fig. 7, a

Art Unit: 3661

mobile unit (5) receives signals from GPS satellites (32) to determine location using an on-board receiver, a transmitter for transmitting location information via a communication satellite (3) (col. 10, lines 7-10) and a battery operated controller (CPU) (col. 10, lines 31-43) with power management capabilities (col. 12, lines 21-30). Anthony further discloses that the information may be transmitted via manual activation, a triggered event and/or periodic basis (col. 8, lines 4-7; col. 12, lines 25-30). The claimed invention differs in that a simplex satellite transmitter is used and that a motion determination unit may be used to initiate a change in the behavior of the monitoring device. Beken teaches a monitoring device which uses Low Earth Orbit satellites to transmit location information from a monitored device to a remote location (Abs.). Like Anthony, Beken includes a power management means for periodically powering up the device in response to a triggering event or timed schedule (col. 5, lines 38-50). Triggering events may be the result of movement of the device as detected by a vibration sensor (col. 3, lines 28-35; col. 4, lines 60-67). Beken discloses that the communications between the monitoring device and remote location are carried out via a network of Low Earth Orbit satellites which relay the information. Although Anthony and Beken both appear to use transceivers to transmit the information, it was well-known in the art to utilize simplex satellite communications where one-way communications was acceptable for the given application. One of ordinary skill in the art would have found it obvious to use simplex satellite transmitters whereby the advantage would have been a less complex and less expensive system (see Vaddiparty, [0028]). Since Anthony and Beken disclose embodiments in which two-way

Art Unit: 3661

communication (duplex) is not required, one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to use the simplex satellite communications for the recognized advantages noted above.

- B. As per claims 2, 3, 18-21 and 27, as above whereby both Anthony and Beken use GPS signals to determine location of the mobile asset. The power management unit controls battery power to the other circuits as detailed above. Further, as noted above Beken detects motion of the monitored device using a vibration sensor whereby the monitoring system is powered up upon sensing the motion (see Beken, col. 4, lines 60-67).
- C. As per claim 4, as above whereby Vaddiparty discloses that the simplex satellite communications involves a bent-pipe configuration for repeatedly relaying the transmitted signal from the monitored device to the remote location (see [0010], [0020]).
- D. As per claims 5-9, 11-17, 23, 24, 26 and 36, as above wherein both Anthony and Beken discloses various modes of activating the monitoring system including alarm inputs, triggering events, timed schedules and/or motion detection (Anthony: col. 5, lines 15-23; col. 8, lines 4-6; Beken: col. 4, lines 60-67; col. 5, lines 46-50). In addition, Vaddiparty suggests using sensor inputs as triggering events [0027]. One of ordinary skill in the art would have found it obvious to configure the triggering events/conditions/schedules based on the particular monitoring application.

Application/Control Number: 10/656,133

Art Unit: 3661

E. As per claim 28, as above whereby both the systems of Anthony and Beken are computer-based and perform functions according to executable programs (Anthony: col. 10, lines 29+; Beken: col. 5, lines 42-50).

- 6. Claims 10, 25 and 33-35 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. As per claims 10 and 25, the prior art of record does not show or reasonably suggest, in combination with the other claimed subject matter, pseudorandomly varying the interval schedule based on a randomization term. As per claims 33-35, the prior art of record does not show or reasonably suggest, in combination with the other claimed subject matter, enabling or disabling an alternative interval schedule for transmitting information based on an alarm input or change of motion state or trigger location.
- 7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The cited documents are of general interest.
- 8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael J. Zanelli whose telephone number is (571) 272-6969. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday 8:30 AM 3:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Thomas G. Black can be reached on (571) 272-6956. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Page 5

Application/Control Number: 10/656,133

Art Unit: 3661

Page 6

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <a href="http://pair-direct.uspto.gov">http://pair-direct.uspto.gov</a>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/mjz

MICHAEL J. ZANELLI PRIMARY EXAMINER